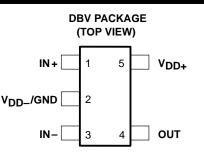
- Output Swing Includes Both Supply Rails
- Low Noise . . . 15 nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ Typ at f = 1 kHz
- Low Input Bias Current . . . 1 pA Typ
- Fully Specified for Single-Supply 3-V and 5-V Operation
- Common-Mode Input Voltage Range Includes Negative Rail
- High Gain Bandwidth . . . 2 MHz at
 V_{DD} = 5 V With 600-Ω Load
- High Slew Rate ... 1.6 V/ μ s at V_{DD} = 5 V
- Wide Supply Voltage Range 2.7 V to 10 V
- Macromodel Included

description



The TLV2231 is a single low-voltage operational amplifier available in the SOT-23 package. It offers 2 MHz of bandwidth and 1.6 V/ μ s of slew rate for applications requiring good ac performance. The device exhibits rail-to-rail output performance for increased dynamic range in single or split supply applications. The TLV2231 is fully characterized at 3 V and 5 V and is optimized for low-voltage applications.

The TLV2231, exhibiting high input impedance and low noise, is excellent for small-signal conditioning of high-impedance sources, such as piezoelectric transducers. Because of the micropower dissipation levels combined with 3-V operation, these devices work well in hand-held monitoring and remote-sensing applications. In addition, the rail-to-rail output feature with single- or split-supplies makes this family a great choice when interfacing with analog-to-digital converters (ADCs). The device can also drive $600-\Omega$ loads for telecom applications.

With a total area of 5.6mm², the SOT-23 package only requires one-third the board space of the standard 8-pin SOIC package. This ultra-small package allows designers to place single amplifiers very close to the signal source, minimizing noise pick-up from long PCB traces. TI has also taken special care to provide a pinout that is optimized for board layout (see Figure 1). Both inputs are separated by GND to prevent coupling or leakage paths. The OUT and IN- terminals are on the same end of the board for providing negative feedback. Finally, gain setting resistors and the decoupling capacitor are easily placed around the package.

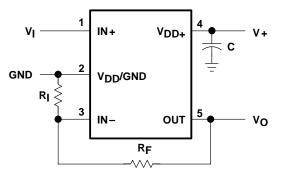


Figure 1. Typical Surface Mount Layout for a Fixed-Gain Noninverting Amplifier



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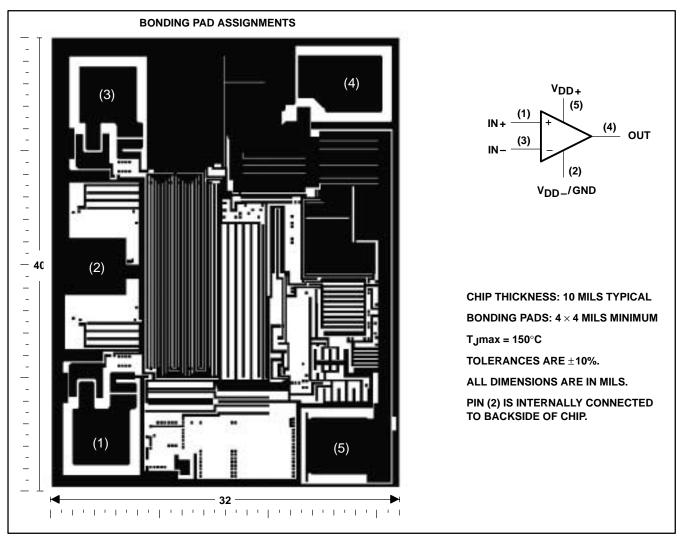
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	AVAILABLE OPTIONS										
т.	V _{IO} max AT 25°C	PACKAGED DEVICES	SYMBOL	CHIP FORM‡							
TA	VIOIIIAX AT 25 C	SOT-23 (DBV)†	STWIBOL	(Y)							
0°C to 70°C	3 mV	TLV2231CDBV	VAEC	TLV2231Y							
-40°C to 85°C	3 mV	TLV2231IDBV	VAEI	TLVZZƏTT							
			-								

[†] The DBV package available in tape and reel only. [‡] Chip forms are tested at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ only.

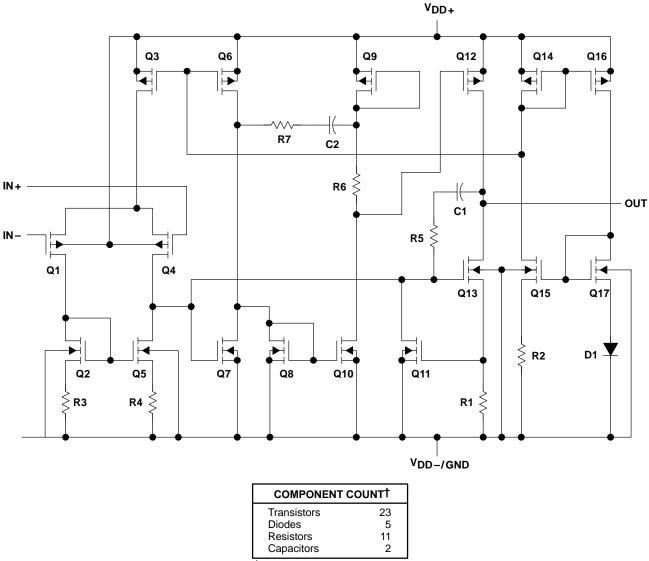
TLV2231Y chip information

This chip, when properly assembled, displays characteristics similar to the TLV2231C. Thermal compression or ultrasonic bonding may be used on the doped-aluminum bonding pads. This chip may be mounted with conductive epoxy or a gold-silicon preform.





equivalent schematic



[†] Includes both amplifiers and all ESD, bias, and trim circuitry



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absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)[†]

Supply voltage, V _{DD} (see Note 1)	
Differential input voltage, V _{ID} (see Note 2)	
Input voltage range, VI (any input, see Note 1)	
Input current, I _I (each input)	
Output current, I _O	±50 mA
Total current into V _{DD+}	±50 mA
Total current out of V _{DD}	±50 mA
Duration of short-circuit current (at or below) 25°C (see Note 3)	unlimited
Continuous total power dissipation	See Dissipation Rating Table
Operating free-air temperature range, T _A : TLV2231C	
TLV2231I	
Storage temperature range, T _{stg}	
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds: DBV package	

[†] Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTES: 1. All voltage values, except differential voltages, are with respect to V_{DD} -.

 Differential voltages are at the noninverting input with respect to the inverting input. Excessive current flows when input is brought below V_{DD} – 0.3 V.

3. The output may be shorted to either supply. Temperature and/or supply voltages must be limited to ensure that the maximum dissipation rating is not exceeded.

DISSIPATION RATING TABLE

PACKAGE	T _A ≤ 25°C	DERATING FACTOR	T _A = 70°C	T _A = 85°C
	POWER RATING	ABOVE T _A = 25°C	POWER RATING	POWER RATING
DBV	150 mW	1.2 mW/°C	96 mW	78 mW

recommended operating conditions

	TL	V2231C	TL	TLV2231I	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage, V _{DD} (see Note 1)	2.7	10	2.7	10	V
Input voltage range, VI	V _{DD} -	V _{DD+} -1.3	V _{DD} -	V _{DD+} -1.3	V
Common-mode input voltage, VIC	V _{DD} -	V _{DD+} -1.3	V _{DD} -	V _{DD+} -1.3	V
Operating free-air temperature, T _A	0	70	-40	85	°C

NOTE 1: All voltage values, except differential voltages, are with respect to V_{DD} -.



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electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, V_{DD} = 3 V (unless otherwise noted)

		TEAT OOL		- +	Т	LV22310	C	I			
	PARAMETER	TEST CON	DITIONS	TA‡	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
VIO	Input offset voltage					0.75	3		0.75	3	mV
αNO	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			Full range		0.5			0.5		μV/°C
	Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)	$V_{DD\pm} = \pm 1.5 V,$ $V_{O} = 0,$	$V_{IC} = 0,$ R _S = 50 Ω	25°C		0.003			0.003		μV/mo
IIO	Input offset current			25°C		0.5	60		0.5	60	pА
10	input onoot outront			Full range			150			150	P/1
IВ	Input bias current			25°C		1	60		1	60	pА
-ID				Full range			150			150	P
\/	Common-mode input	D- 50.0	1) (1 = 1 < 5 m) (25°C	0 to 2	-0.3 to 2.2		0 to 2	-0.3 to 2.2		v
VICR	voltage range	R _S = 50 Ω,	V _{IO} ≤5 mV	Full range	0 to 1.7			0 to 1.7			V
		I _{OH} = -1 mA		25°C		2.87			2.87		
Vон	High-level output OH voltage	I _{OH} = -2 mA		25°C		2.74			2.74		V
	· enage	10H = -2 11A		Full range	2			2			
	Low-level output	V _{IC} = 1.5 V,	I _{OL} = 50 μA	25°C		10			10		
VOL	voltage	V _{IC} = 1.5 V,	I _{OL} = 500 μA	25°C		100			100		mV
		10 7		Full range			300			300	
	Large-signal	V _{IC} = 1.5 V,	R _I = 600 Ω [‡]	25°C	1	1.6		1	1.6		
AVD	differential voltage amplification	$V_0 = 1 V \text{ to } 2 V$	_	Full range	0.3	050		0.3	050		V/m∖
	-		$R_L = 1 M\Omega^{\ddagger}$	25°C		250			250		
rid	Differential input resistance			25°C		1012			1012		Ω
r _{ic}	Common-mode input resistance			25°C		1012			1012		Ω
^c ic	Common-mode input capacitance	f = 10 kHz		25°C		6			6		pF
z ₀	Closed-loop output impedance	f = 1 MHz,	A _V = 1	25°C		156			156		Ω
CMRR	Common-mode	$V_{IC} = 0 \text{ to } 1.7 \text{ V},$		25°C	60	70		60	70		dB
	rejection ratio	V _O = 1.5 V,	R _S = 50 Ω	Full range	55			55			
kovp	Supply voltage rejection ratio			25°C	70	96		70	96		dB
ksvr	$(\Delta V_{DD} / \Delta V_{IO})$	ection ratio $V_{10} = V_{DD}/2$ No load	No load	Full range	70			70			uВ
			No. In a d	25°C		750	1200		750	1200	
DD	Supply current	V _O = 1.5 V,	No load	Full range			1500			1500	μA

[†] Full range for the TLV2231C is 0°C to 70°C. Full range for the TLV2231I is – 40°C to 85°C.

‡Referenced to 1.5 V

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at T_A = 150°C extrapolated to $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.



operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, V_{DD} = 3 V

		7507.0010	TIONO	- +	Т	LV2231	0	TLV22311			
f	PARAMETER	TEST COND	DITIONS	T _A †	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNIT
SR	Slew rate at unity	V _O = 1.1 V to 1.9 V,	R _L = 600 Ω [‡] ,	25°C Full	0.75	1.25		0.75	1.25		V/µs
	gain	C _L = 100 pF‡	ran		0.5			0.5			
Vn	Equivalent input	f = 10 Hz		25°C		105			105		nV/√H
۳n	noise voltage	f = 1 kHz		25°C		16			16		11 V / VI I.
Veres	Peak-to-peak	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz		25°C		1.4			1.4		
VN(PP)	equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		25°C		1.5			1.5		μV
I _n	Equivalent input noise current		_	25°C	0.6		0.6		0.6		fA/√Hz
		$V_0 = 1 V \text{ to } 2 V,$	A _V = 1	25°C	0.285%			0.285%			
	Total harmonic	f = 20 kHz, $R_L = 600 \Omega^{\ddagger}$	A _V = 10	25.0		7.2%			7.2%		
THD+N	distortion plus noise	$V_{O} = 1 V \text{ to } 2 V,$	A _V = 1		0.014%			0.014%			
	TIOISE	f = 20 kHz,	A _V = 10	A _V = 10 25°C 0.098% 0.098%							
		R _L = 600 Ω§	A _V = 100			0.13%			0.13%		
	Gain-bandwidth product	f = 10 kHz, C _L = 100 pF‡	$R_L = 600 \ \Omega^{\ddagger},$	25°C		1.9			1.9		MHz
BOM	Maximum output- swing bandwidth	$V_{O(PP)} = 1 V,$ R _L = 600 $\Omega^{\ddagger},$	A _V = 1, C _L = 100 pF‡	25°C		60			60		kHz
t _s	Settling time	$A_V = -1$, Step = 1 V to 2 V,	То 0.1%	25°C		0.9			0.9		μs
•>		$R_L = 600 \ \Omega^{\ddagger},$ $C_L = 100 \ pF^{\ddagger}$	То 0.01%			1.5			1.5		μο
[¢] m	Phase margin at unity gain	R _L = 600 Ω [‡] ,	C _L = 100 pF‡	25°C		50°			50°		
	Gain margin			25°C		8			8		dB

[†] Full range is -40° C to 85° C.

‡Referenced to 1.5 V

§ Referenced to 0 V



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electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, V_{DD} = 5 V (unless otherwise noted)

		TEAT AN		- +	Т	LV22310	C	1	LV2231		
	PARAMETER	TEST CON	IDITIONS	TA‡	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
VIO	Input offset voltage					0.71	3		0.71	3	mV
αΛIΟ	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			Full range		0.5			0.5		μV/°C
	Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)	$V_{\text{DD}\pm} = \pm 2.5 \text{ V},$ $V_{\text{O}} = 0,$	$V_{IC} = 0,$ R _S = 50 Ω	25°C		0.003			0.003		μV/mo
10	Input offset current			25°C		0.5	60		0.5	60	pА
10	input onoot outront			Full range			150			150	P/1
IВ	Input bias current			25°C		1	60		1	60	pА
UD				Full range			150			150	P/1
Vien	Common-mode input	$B_{2} = 50.0$	1)/101<5 m)/	25°C	0 to 4	-0.3 to 4.2		0 to 4	-0.3 to 4.2		V
VICR	voltage range	R _S = 50 Ω,	VIO ≤5 mV	Full range	0 to 3.7			0 to 3.7			v
		I _{OH} = -1 mA		25°C		4.9			4.9		
∨он	High-level output OH voltage	level output		25°C		4.6			4.6		V
	vollage	I _{OH} = -4 mA		Full range	4			4			
		V _{IC} = 2.5 V,	l _{OL} = 500 μA	25°C		80			80		
VOL	Low-level output voltage	V _{IC} = 2.5 V,	I _{OL} = 1 mA	25°C		160			160		mV
	Vollago	VIC = 2.5 V,	IOL = 1 IIIA	Full range			500			500	
	Large-signal		R _I = 600 Ω‡	25°C	1	1.5		1	1.5		
AVD	differential voltage	$V_{IC} = 2.5 V,$ $V_{O} = 1 V \text{ to } 4 V$	KL = 000 32+	Full range	0.3			0.3			V/m\
	amplification	U A	$R_L = 1 M\Omega^{\ddagger}$	25°C		400			400		
^r id	Differential input resistance			25°C		1012			1012		Ω
^r ic	Common-mode input resistance			25°C		1012			1012		Ω
c _{ic}	Common-mode input capacitance	f = 10 kHz		25°C		6			6		pF
z ₀	Closed-loop output impedance	f = 1 MHz,	A _V = 1	25°C		138			138		Ω
CMRR	Common-mode	$V_{IC} = 0 \text{ to } 2.7 \text{ V},$	D 50 0	25°C	60	70		60	70		dB
5	rejection ratio	$V_0 = 2.5 V,$	R _S = 50 Ω	Full range	55			55			
k SVR	Supply voltage rejection ratio	$V_{DD} = 4.4 V \text{ to 8}$ $V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2$,	3 V, No load	25°C	70	96		70	96		dB
	$(\Delta V_{DD} / \Delta V_{IO})$,		Full range	70			70			
IDD	Supply current	V _O = 2.5 V,	No load	25°C		850	1300		850	1300	μA
				Full range			1600			1600	<u> </u>

[†] Full range for the TLV2231C is 0°C to 70°C. Full range for the TLV2231I is – 40°C to 85°C.

‡Referenced to 2.5 V

NOTE 5: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at T_A = 150°C extrapolated to $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.



operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 5 V$

		TEST CONDITIONS		- +	Т	LV2231	C		TLV2231		
f	PARAMETER			TA [†]	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
	Slew rate at unity	V _O = 1.5 V to 3.5 V,	$R_{I} = 600 \Omega^{\ddagger},$	25°C	1	1.6		1	1.6		
SR	gain	$C_L = 100 \text{ pF}^{\ddagger}$	$R_{L} = 600.02+,$	Full range	0.7			0.7			V/µs
V	Equivalent input	f = 10 Hz		25°C		100			100		
Vn	noise voltage	f = 1 kHz		25°C		15			15		nV/√Hz
Variation	Peak-to-peak equivalent input	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz		25°C		1.4			1.4		μV
VN(PP)	noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		25°C		1.5			1.5		μν
I _n	Equivalent input noise current			25°C		0.6			0.6		fA/√Hz
		$V_{O} = 1.5 V \text{ to } 3.5 V,$	A _V = 1	25°C		0.409%			0.409%		
	Total harmonic	f = 20 kHz, $R_L = 600 \Omega^{\ddagger}$	A _V = 10	25.0		3.68%			3.68%		1
THD+N	distortion plus noise	$V_{O} = 1.5 \text{ V to } 3.5 \text{ V},$	A _V = 1			0.018%			0.018%		1
	noise	f = 20 kHz,	A _V = 10	25°C		0.045%			0.045%		
		RL = 600 Ω§	A _V = 100			0.116%			0.116%		
	Gain-bandwidth product	f = 10 kHz, C _L = 100 pF‡	R _L = 600 Ω‡,	25°C		2			2		MHz
B _{OM}	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_{O(PP)} = 1 V,$ R _L = 600 $\Omega^{\ddagger},$	A _V = 1, C _L = 100 pF‡	25°C		300			300		kHz
•	Settling time	$A_V = -1$, Step = 1.5 V to 3.5 V,	То 0.1%	25°C		0.95			0.95		
t _s		$R_L = 600 \ \Omega^{\ddagger}, C_L = 100 \ pF^{\ddagger}$	To 0.01%	200		2.4			2.4		μs
[¢] m	Phase margin at unity gain	R _L = 600 Ω [‡] ,	C _L = 100 pF‡	25°C		48°			48°		
	Gain margin	1 -	_ ·	25°C		8			8		dB

[†] Full range is –40°C to 85°C.

‡Referenced to 2.5 V

§ Referenced to 0 V



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electrical characteristics at V_DD = 3 V, T_A = 25 $^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

					TI	_V2231Y	'	
	PARAMETER	IESI	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
VIO	Input offset voltage					750		μV
lio	Input offset current	$V_{DD} \pm = \pm 1.5 V,$ R _S = 50 Ω	$V_{IC} = 0,$	V _O = 0,		0.5		pА
I _{IB}	Input bias current	113 = 30 32				1		pА
V _{ICR}	Common-mode input voltage range	V _{IO} ≤5 mV,	R _S = 50 Ω			-0.3 to 2.2		V
Vон	High-level output voltage	I _{OH} = -1 mA				2.87		V
Max		V _{IC} = 1.5 V,	l _{OL} = 50 μA			10		
VOL	Low-level output voltage	V _{IC} = 1.5 V,	l _{OL} = 500 μA			100		mV
•	Large-signal differential voltage		$R_L = 600 \Omega^{\dagger}$			1.6		Mark
AVD	amplification	$V_{O} = 1 V \text{ to } 2 V$	$R_L = 1 M\Omega^{\dagger}$			250		V/mV
^r id	Differential input resistance		-			1012		Ω
r _{ic}	Common-mode input resistance					1012		Ω
cic	Common-mode input capacitance	f = 10 kHz				6		pF
z ₀	Closed-loop output impedance	f = 1 MHz,	A _V = 1			156		Ω
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V _{IC} = 0 to 1.7 V,	V _O = 0,	R _S = 50 Ω	60	70		dB
ksvr	Supply voltage rejection ratio $(\Delta V_{DD} / \Delta V_{IO})$	$V_{DD} = 2.7 V \text{ to } 8 V,$	V _{IC} = 0,	No load		96		dB
IDD	Supply current	V _O = 0,	No load			750		μA

[†]Referenced to 1.5 V

electrical characteristics at V_DD = 5 V, T_A = 25 $^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

	DADAMETED	теот			TI	_V2231\	(
	PARAMETER	IESI	TEST CONDITIONS				MAX	UNIT
VIO	Input offset voltage					710		μV
١Ю	Input offset current	$V_{DD} \pm = \pm 1.5 \text{ V},$ R _S = 50 Ω	$V_{IC} = 0,$	V _O = 0,		0.5		pА
I _{IB}	Input bias current	113 - 50 32				1		pА
VICR	Common-mode input voltage range	V _{IO} ≤5 mV,	R _S = 50 Ω			-0.3 to 4.2		v
Vон	High-level output voltage	I _{OH} = –1 mA				4.9		V
M		V _{IC} = 2.5 V,	I _{OL} = 500 μA			80		
VOL	Low-level output voltage	V _{IC} = 2.5 V,	I _{OL} = 1 mA			160		mV
A	Large-signal differential voltage		$R_L = 600 \ \Omega^{\dagger}$			15		V/mV
AVD	amplification	$V_{O} = 1 V \text{ to } 2 V$	$R_L = 1 M\Omega^{\dagger}$			400		V/mv
^r id	Differential input resistance					1012		Ω
r _{ic}	Common-mode input resistance					1012		Ω
cic	Common-mode input capacitance	f = 10 kHz				6		pF
z ₀	Closed-loop output impedance	f = 1 MHz,	A _V = 1			138		Ω
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V _{IC} = 0 to 1.7 V,	V _O = 0,	R _S = 50 Ω	60	70		dB
^k SVR	Supply voltage rejection ratio $(\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO})$	V_{DD} = 2.7 V to 8 V,	$V_{IC} = 0,$	No load		96		dB
IDD	Supply current	V _O = 0,	No load			850		μA

T Referenced to 2.5 V



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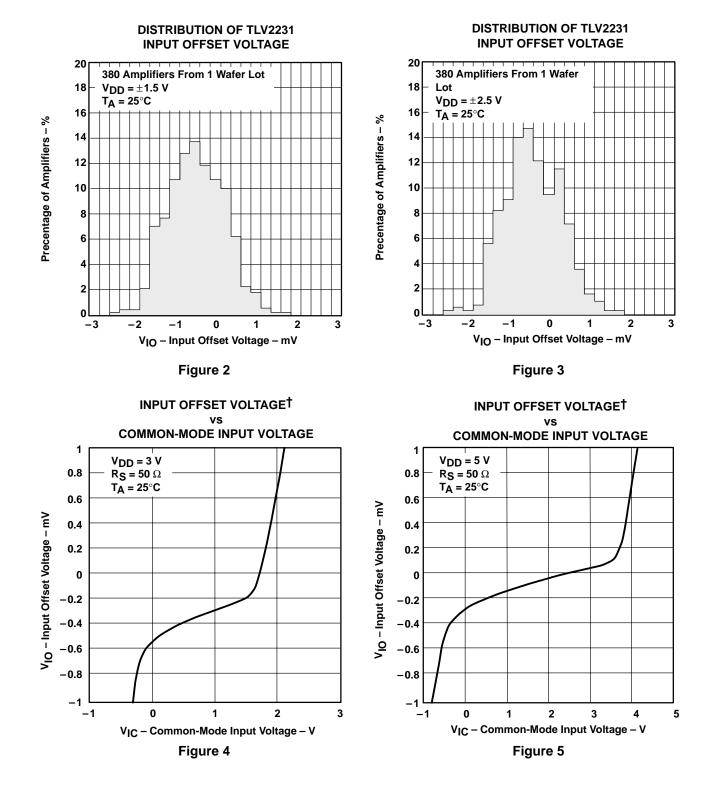
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

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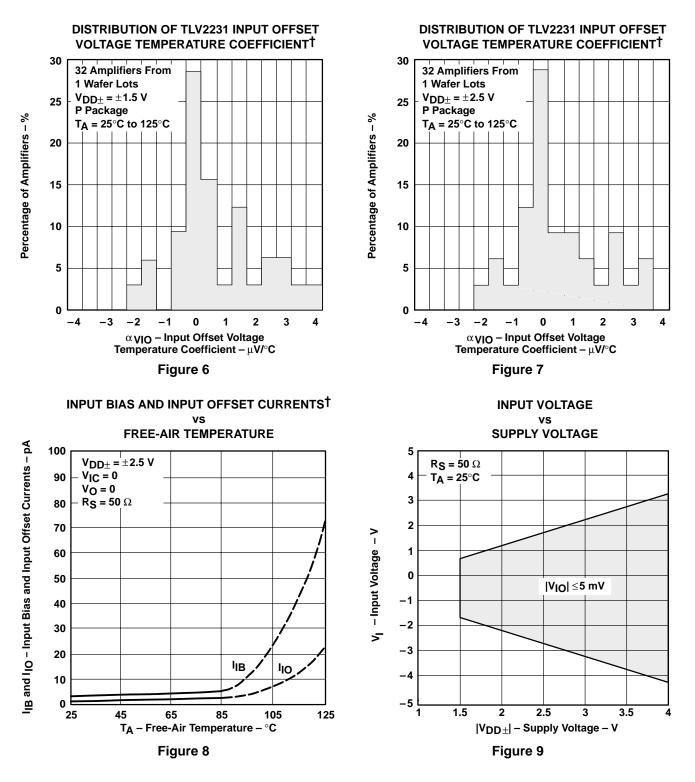
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



[†] For all curves where V_{DD} = 5 V, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V. For all curves where V_{DD} = 3 V, all loads are referenced to 1.5 V.



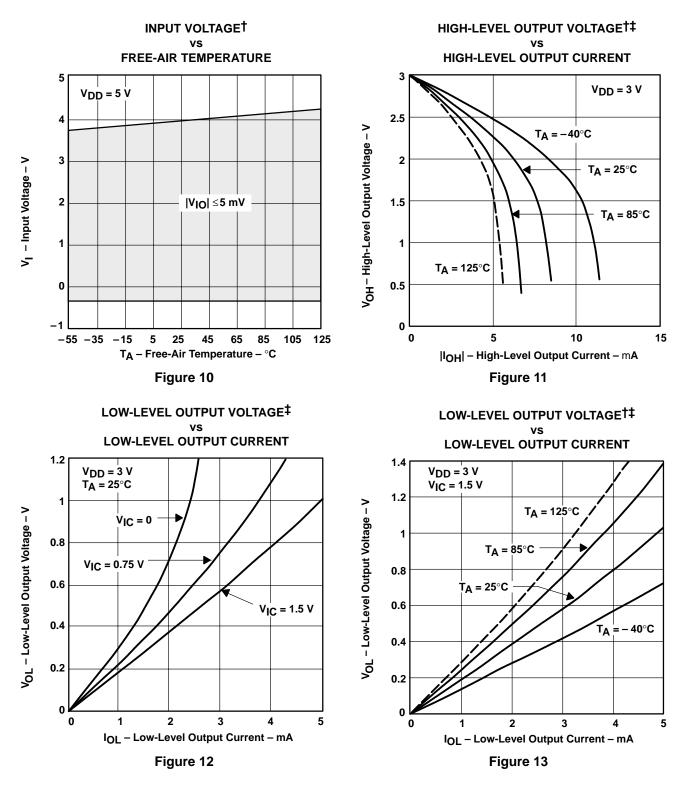
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



[†] Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

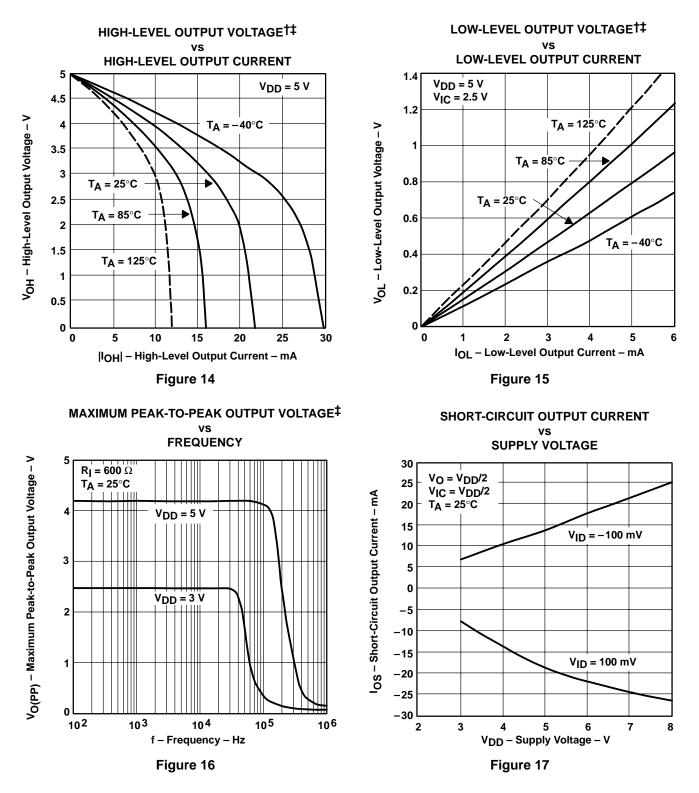


TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



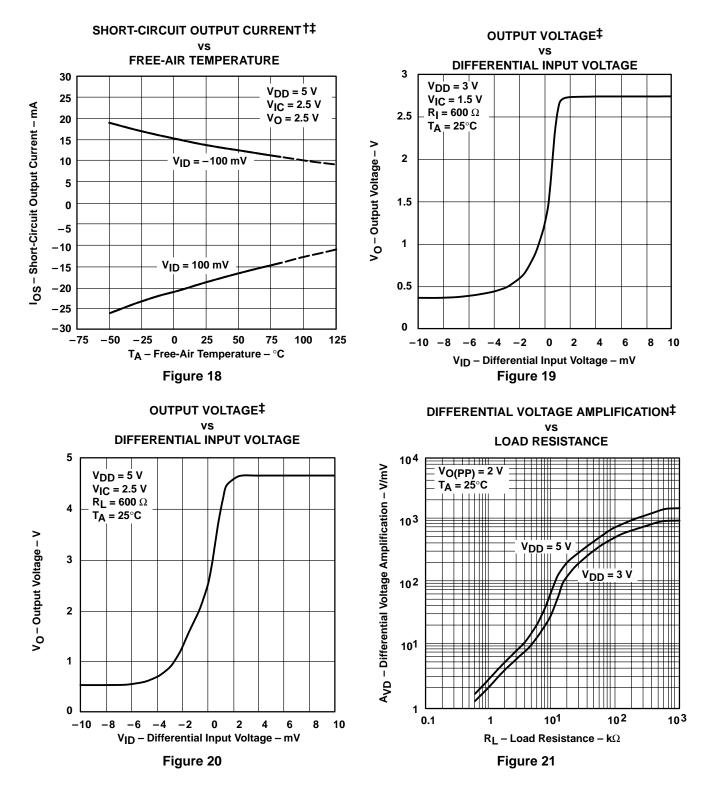


TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



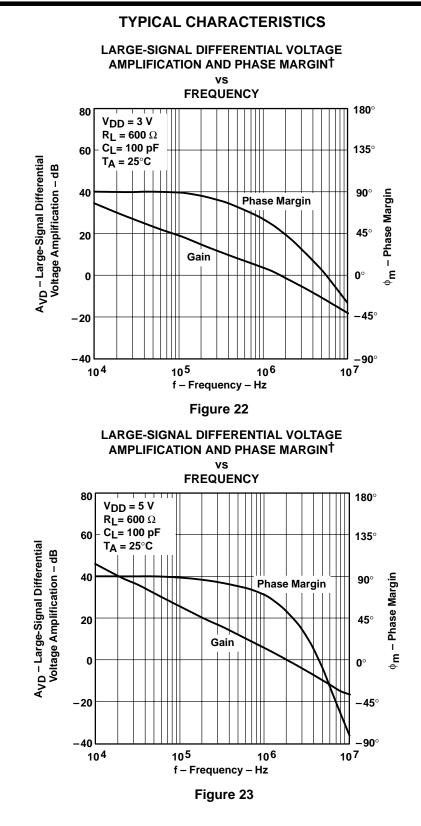


TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS





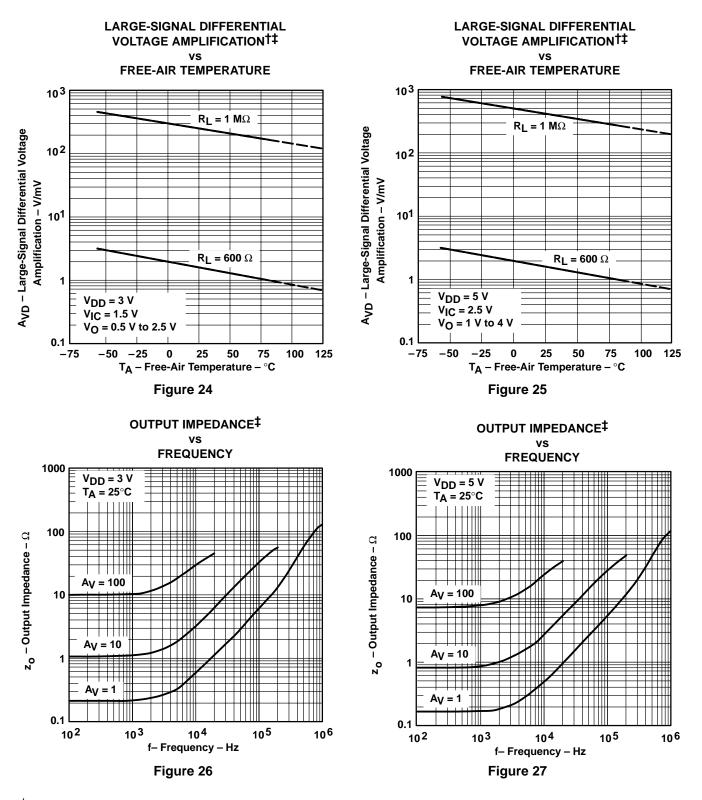
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⁺ For all curves where V_{DD} = 5 V, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V. For all curves where V_{DD} = 3 V, all loads are referenced to 1.5 V.

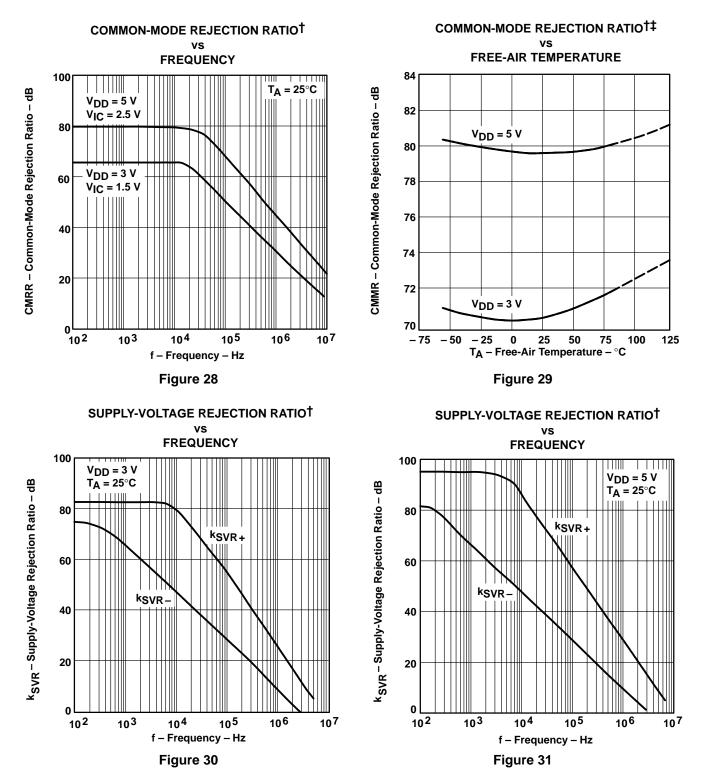


TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



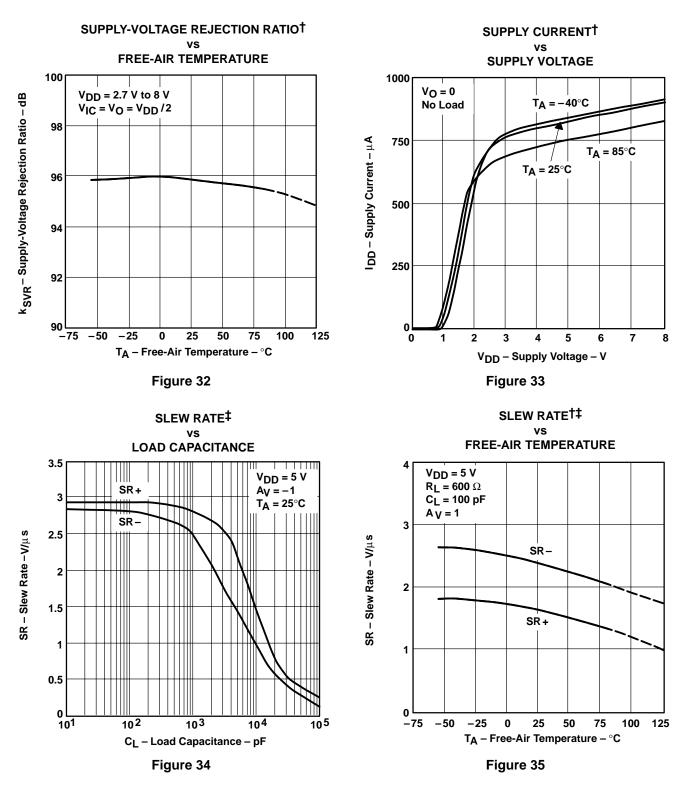


TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



[†] For all curves where V_{DD} = 5 V, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V. For all curves where V_{DD} = 3 V, all loads are referenced to 1.5 V. [‡] Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

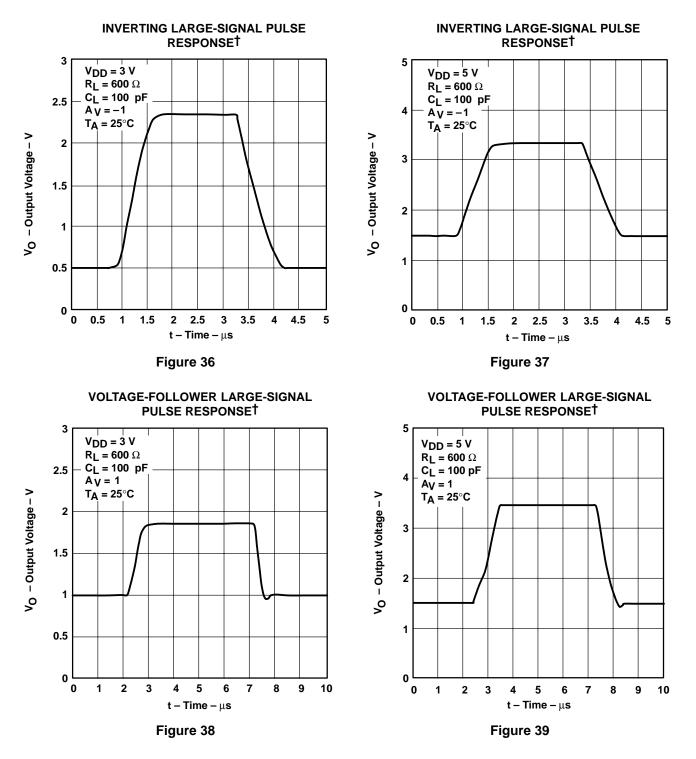




TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



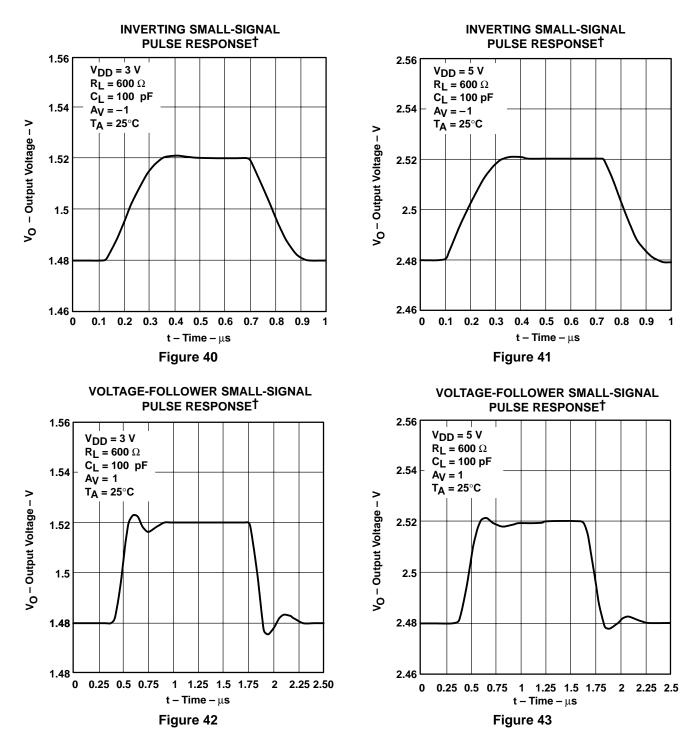
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



[†] For all curves where V_{DD} = 5 V, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V. For all curves where V_{DD} = 3 V, all loads are referenced to 1.5 V.



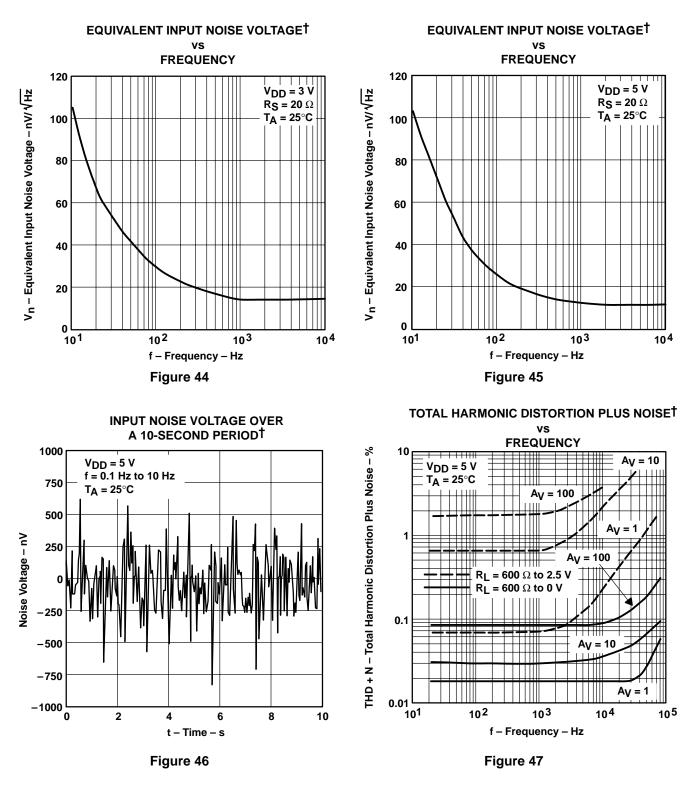
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



[†] For all curves where V_{DD} = 5 V, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V. For all curves where V_{DD} = 3 V, all loads are referenced to 1.5 V.



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

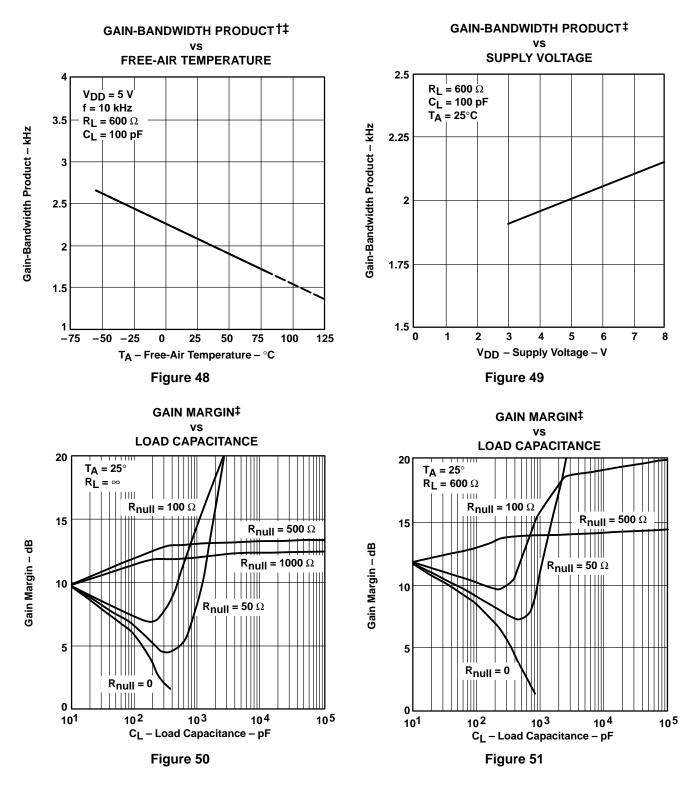


[†] For all curves where V_{DD} = 5 V, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V. For all curves where V_{DD} = 3 V, all loads are referenced to 1.5 V.



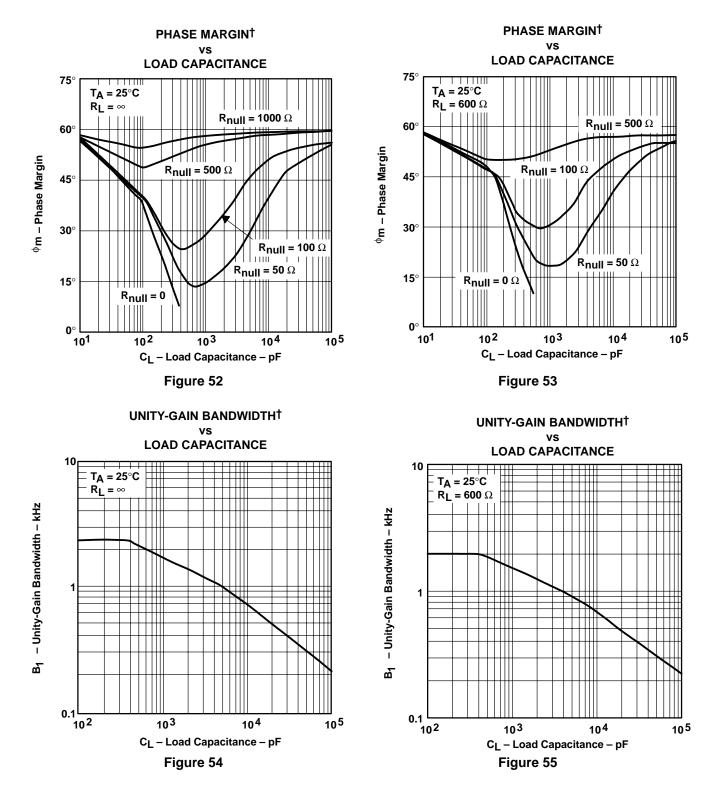
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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



[†] For all curves where V_{DD} = 5 V, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V. For all curves where V_{DD} = 3 V, all loads are referenced to 1.5 V.



APPLICATION INFORMATION

driving large capacitive loads

The TLV2231 is designed to drive larger capacitive loads than most CMOS operational amplifiers. Figure 50 through Figure 55 illustrate its ability to drive loads greater than 100 pF while maintaining good gain and phase margins (R_{null} = 0).

A small series resistor (R_{null}) at the output of the device (see Figure 56) improves the gain and phase margins when driving large capacitive loads. Figure 50 through Figure 53 show the effects of adding series resistances of 50 Ω , 100 Ω , 500 Ω , and 1000 Ω . The addition of this series resistor has two effects: the first effect is that it adds a zero to the transfer function and the second effect is that it reduces the frequency of the pole associated with the output load in the transfer function.

The zero introduced to the transfer function is equal to the series resistance times the load capacitance. To calculate the approximate improvement in phase margin, equation 1 can be used.

$$\Delta \phi_{m1} = \tan^{-1} \left(2 \times \pi \times \text{UGBW} \times \text{R}_{\text{null}} \times \text{C}_{\text{L}} \right)$$
(1)

Where :

 $\Delta \phi_{m1}$ = Improvement in phase margin

UGBW = Unity - gain bandwidth frequency

 R_{null} = Output series resistance

 C_1 = Load capacitance

The unity-gain bandwidth (UGBW) frequency decreases as the capacitive load increases (see Figure 54 and Figure 55). To use equation 1, UGBW must be approximated from Figure 54 and Figure 55.

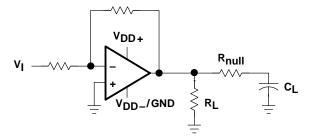


Figure 56. Series-Resistance Circuit



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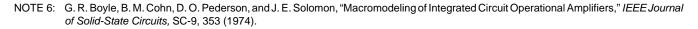
APPLICATION INFORMATION

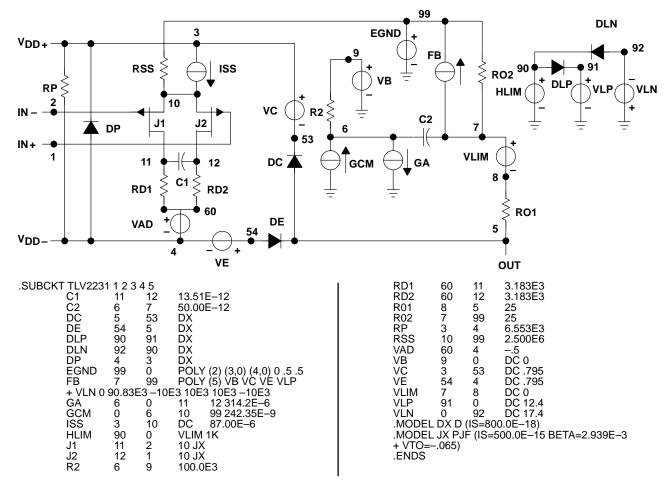
macromodel information

Macromodel information provided was derived using Microsim $Parts^{TM}$, the model generation software used with Microsim $PSpice^{TM}$. The Boyle macromodel (see Note 6) and subcircuit in Figure 57 are generated using the TLV2231 typical electrical and operating characteristics at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$. Using this information, output simulations of the following key parameters can be generated to a tolerance of 20% (in most cases):

- Maximum positive output voltage swing
- Maximum negative output voltage swing
- Slew rate
- Quiescent power dissipation
- Input bias current
- Open-loop voltage amplification

- Unity-gain frequency
- Common-mode rejection ratio
- Phase margin
- DC output resistance
- AC output resistance
- Short-circuit output current limit







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Macromodels, simulation models, or other models provided by TI, directly or indirectly, are not warranted by TI as fully representing all of the specification and operating characteristics of the semiconductor product to which the model relates.



PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status ⁽¹⁾	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan ⁽²⁾	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp ⁽³⁾
TLV2231CDBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLV2231CDBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLV2231CDBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLV2231CDBVTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLV2231IDBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLV2231IDBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLV2231IDBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLV2231IDBVTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details. TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

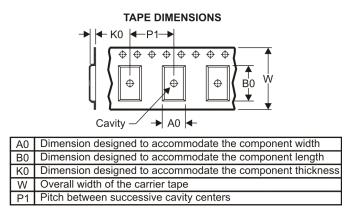
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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE

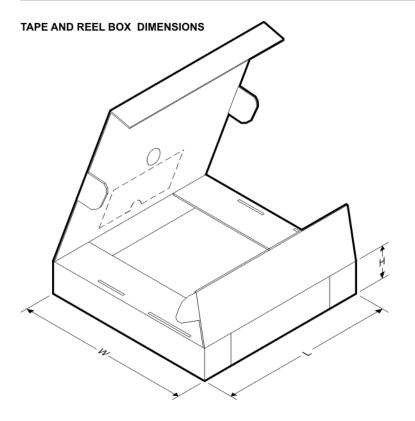


*All c	*All dimensions are nominal												
	Device		Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
	TLV2231CDBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	9.0	3.15	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
	TLV2231CDBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	180.0	9.0	3.15	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
	TLV2231IDBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	9.0	3.15	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
	TLV2231IDBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	180.0	9.0	3.15	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3



PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

11-Mar-2008



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TLV2231CDBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0
TLV2231CDBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	182.0	182.0	20.0
TLV2231IDBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0
TLV2231IDBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	182.0	182.0	20.0

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